UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEVADA

AVERY D. ROBINSON,

Plaintiff

Order Dismissing Action

Case No.: 2:18-cv-02330-JAD-VCF

v.

JOSEPH LOMBARDO, et al.,

Defendants

Plaintiff Avery D. Robinson brings this civil-rights case under § 1983 for events he alleges occurred during his incarceration at Clark County Detention Center, South Desert Correctional Center, and High Desert State Prison. On October 29, 2019, the magistrate judge denied Plaintiff's application to proceed *in forma pauperis* for prisoners as moot and ordered Robinson to file an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner with the court within 30 days. The magistrate judge expressly warned him that his failure to timely comply with the order may result in the dismissal of this case. The deadline has passed, and Robinson has not filed an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case.⁴ A court may dismiss an action with prejudice based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules.⁵ In determining whether to

| ¹ ECF No. 1-1 (complaint).

 4 Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986).

⁵ See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53–54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260–61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to

 $^{24 \}mid \mid^2$ ECF No. 4 (order).

 $^{^3}$ Id.

28 | 9 ECF No. 4 (order).

dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives.⁶

I find that the first two factors—the public's interest in expeditiously resolving the litigation and the court's interest in managing the docket—weigh in favor of dismissing this case. The risk-of-prejudice factor also weighs in favor of dismissal because a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. The fourth factor is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal, and a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the consideration-of-alternatives requirement. Robinson was warned that his case would be dismissed if he failed to file an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner within 30 days. So, Robinson had adequate warning that his failure to file an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* by a non-prisoner would result in this case's dismissal.

Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that **this action is DISMISSED** without prejudice based on Robinson's failure to file an updated address in compliance with this court's October 29, 2019, order; and

⁷ See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976).

comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440–41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

⁶ Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423–24; Malone, 833 F.2d at 130; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260–61; Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53.

⁸ Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132–33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424.

1	The Clerk of Court is directed to ENTER JUDGMENT accordingly and CLOSE TH
2	CASE.
3	DATED: 12-16-19
4	U.S. District Judge Jennifer A. Dorsey
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